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## Capabilities – Arctic Infrastructure Research Center (AIRC)

### Expeditionary Infrastructure

Expeditionary infrastructure addresses most concerns for military exercises and Arctic and sub-Arctic field work, including instrumentation readiness, structural integrity, research processes, environmental impact, permafrost challenges, and Arctic hazards such as weather, wildlife, and natural events. This includes:

- Testing cold-weather capability of expeditionary shelters
  - Evaluating internal temperatures, heat footprint, insulation, and materials
  - Testing field readiness and requirements for the necessary time commitment for setup, gear, tools, and manpower
- Studying permafrost degradation under large- and small-scale infrastructure (roads, foundations, shelters, maintenance platforms, etc.) to be applied to field work and large-scale infrastructure installation

### Power & Energy

Power and energy research addresses reliable and sustainable energy sources for field operations. It focuses on the generation, storage, and efficient use of energy in extreme cold. This includes:

- Testing sustainable and reliable power generation methods suitable for extreme cold, including portable generators, solar arrays, and hybrid systems
- Evaluating energy storage solutions, such as batteries and fuel cells, under low temperatures
- Optimizing energy consumption for shelters, communications, instrumentation, and field operations

### Water & Wastewater

Water and wastewater research ensures safe water use and disposal in remote Arctic environments. It emphasizes hygiene, environmental protection, and field practicality. This includes:

- Assessing water collection, purification, and storage methods in frozen or remote environments
- Testing wastewater management systems that prevent environmental contamination and maintain hygiene in extreme cold

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- Developing protocols for safe handling and disposal of graywater and blackwater in Arctic field conditions

### **Logistics Infrastructure**

Logistics infrastructure focuses on moving personnel and equipment safely and efficiently in Arctic conditions. Research examines vehicle performance, terrain challenges, and operational planning. This includes:

- Testing the performance and durability of ground transport vehicles under extreme cold, snow, and ice conditions
- Evaluating mobility aids, such as tracked vehicles, snowmobiles, and all-terrain platforms, for personnel and equipment transport
- Assessing route planning, obstacle mitigation, and emergency response capabilities in Arctic and sub-Arctic terrain